

Novice Altar Server Self-study Module 1





All Saint; Catholic Church 2443 Mt. Vernon Road Dunwoody, Georgia 30350

Dear Altar Server,

This self-study module is designed to complement the <u>All Saints Catholic Church Altar Server Training</u> <u>Manual</u> and is intended to be complete during June and July of each year. This is an "open book" selfstudy module assessment of your knowledge regarding the program and the specific role of the altar server. Altar servers are encouraged to refer to the aforementioned training manual, the references included in that manual, their parents, clergy, or other alter servers. Altar Servers should being the completed self-study module with them on the Altar Server assessment day which will be scheduled for August or September of this year.

Our parish is deeply grateful for your decision to be an altar server. Your service and dedication are important parts of our parish life. It is an extreme privilege to kneel so close to the altar as our loving Savior, Jesus Christ, becomes truly present, body, blood, soul and divinity, just as He was at the Last Supper and Calvary, and therefore servers are chosen from those who display a desire for a more intimate union with Our Lord and God, Jesus Christ.

The purpose for this self-study module is to give you direction for our parish Masses and to be a guide to help you as you assist the priest at the Altar of God. Along the way, you will learn most matters concerning liturgical worship. We pray that you will strive to grasp their spiritual meaning.

We remain yours in Christ,

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Reverend Monsignor Hugh M. Marren Pastor

Deacon Ed Krise



Learning Objectives

After completing this self-study module, the rising or existing Elite Altar Server will be able to...

- 1. recognize the requirements to becoming an altar server,
- 2. learn all the duties of the Jobs C and D performed by altar servers,
- 3. learn the appropriate dress, appearance, gestures, and postures,
- 4. recite all the prayers listed in appendix A of the training manual,
- 5. learn the name and purpose for select liturgical objects,
- 6. verbalize the definition for select terms listed in the "Glossary of Terms",



1. All of the following are true statements EXCEPT:

- a. an altar server performs all assigned duties with attention, dignity and reverence,
- b. the sanctuary is holy, and access to it is restricted to a very few people,
- c. entering the sanctuary is a privilege and therefore, all actions are to be reverent,
- d. parents are also expected to understand the contents of this manual,
- e. all of the above are true.

2. Prior to becoming an Altar Server, apprentices must know...

- a. all the prayers of the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass from memory (Appendix A),
- b. how to properly genuflect, and know how to make the sign of the Cross,
- c. the real presence of Jesus the Christ begins at the moment of the consecration,
- d. that Jesus Christ endures as long as the Eucharistic species subsists,
- e. all of the above are true.

3. Match the role with the responsibility

Chaplain	Altar Server	Vestry Coordinator	Communications Coordinator
Training Coordinator	Mass Coach Coordinator	Mass Coach	Schedule Coordinator
		mass coach	

Responsible for managing the schedule, and forming and maintaining server teams.
Responsible for: conducting training sessions for servers, updating the training manual, competency assessment, recommending servers for promotion, participating in the parent information sessions, reviewing the mass coach assessment forms, and maintaining the training program.
A deacon or priest who responsible for program oversight, and approving altar server promotions, and council member appointments. Scheduling and participating in the annual All Server Commissioning Mass. Leads the annual council meeting for the purpose of setting annual goals and objectives for each council member designed specifically to maintain and enhance the program. Ensures the program is carried out in accordance to the procedures outlined in this manual. Leads the parent information sessions.
Responsible for identifying and training individuals to serve as Mass Coaches for the purpose of assessing the performance of Altar Servers during mass. Responsible for maintaining a <u>minimum</u> of 9 active and trained mass coaches. Collating findings from mass coach assessment forms and relaying training needs to trainer.
Responsible for maintaining supply of cassocks, surplices, sashes, and crosses.
Responsible for assessing altar servers during Mass.
Responsible for supporting deacons and priest during Mass.
Responsible for communicating training, events, meetings, maintaining annual calendar of events, maintaining the Altar Server data base of contact information, processing server application forms, and photo board, identifying new altar server candidates. Responsible for maintaining a <u>minimum</u> of 54 active servers who are either at the Novice, Skilled, or Master level. Maintain a community e-mail distribution list.



4. Altar Servers must comply with all the following rules to serve at Mass EXCEPT:

- a. only attend Mass when they serve,
- b. cultivate a personal prayer life,
- c. altar servers may leave the sanctuary after the start of the Mass any time they wish,
- d. attend all Altar Server meetings as announced,
- e. serve at every Mass to which they are scheduled,
- f. make your own arrangements for another Altar Server to take your place when you will miss a Mass for which you are scheduled to attend, unless it is due to illness or family emergencies,
- g. arrive at the Mass to be served at least five (5) minutes before the starting time,
- h. maintain a prayerful posture at all times in the Sacristy,
- i. stay for at least ten minutes after the Mass to return everything to a neat and orderly,
- j. sign-in upon arrival to masses at which they serve,
- k. all of the above are true.

5. All of the following are goal; of the Altar Server program EXCEPT:

- a. to provide support for the priest, and deacons during all masses,
- b. to provide appropriate training for the all servers,
- c. to develop future Catholic leaders among those who serve,
- d. all of the above are goals of the Altar Server program.

6. Apprentice Servers ...

- a. wear a cassock, but not a surplice,
- b. may only participate in the processional and recessional,
- c. observe 6 times prior to being promoted to Novice,
- d. must be at least 7 years old and completed first communion, and module 1.
- e. all of the above are true.

7. Novice Servers...

- a. wear a cassock, a surplice, and a black sash,
- b. must have been active in the Altar Service program for at least 4 months,
- c. demonstrates knowledge needed to perform the duties of Jobs C & D,
- d. must be at least 7 years old and completed the self-study training module 1,
- e. able to recite the prayers of the Mass together with 2 to 3 people,
- f. all of the above are true.

8. All of the following are goals of the scheduling process EXCEPT:

- a. to ensure that all routine Masses have appropriate coverage and skill,
- b. to provide an opportunity for servers to volunteer to serve as they desire,
- c. to prevent all servers from having the opportunity to gain experience,
- d. to define the minimum number of servers needed to support our priests and deacons,
- e. all of the above are true.

9. All of the following are true about the scheduling process EXCEPT:

- a. there will be 3 servers scheduled for the majority of weekend masses,
- b. each team will be scheduled to serve each approximately every 4 to 6 weeks,
- c. teams will be scheduled on holiday weekends,
- d. the maximum number of servers permitted to serve (on the Altar) per Mass is 6,
- e. apprentices may participate in the opening processional, closing recessional, and kneeling at the foot of the Altar during the consecration of the Eucharist, but will not be on Altar,
- f. all of the above are true.



10. All of the following are true about the scheduling process EXCEPT:

- a. the scheduling coordinator will pre-populate the Sign-up Genius Altar Server Schedule page with the names of the 3 servers for each weekend mass except holiday weekends. Three additional sign-up slots allow all servers to volunteer to serve more frequently.
- b. the Signup Genius Altar Server web-link will be distributed electronically at least 2 weeks prior to the beginning of each period of the church year.
- c. both a and b are true.

11. All of the following are true regarding Assignment of Mass Duties EXCEPT:

- a. the SCHEDULED server with the highest level (at 20 minutes prior to the start of Mass) assigns all other servers to available jobs and communicates to the Lector the names of all the servers,
- b. If there is more than one SCHEDULED server present with the highest level, then the oldest server is responsible for assigning jobs,
- c. If anyone comes late and jobs have already been designated, then all remaining servers serve as "observers" regardless of their rank,
- d. if there are no servers scheduled for a specific mass, then the server with the <u>lowest</u> level (at 20 minutes prior to the start of Mass) assigns all other servers to available jobs and communicates to the Lector the names of all the servers,
- e. all of the above are true.

12. Match each Job with the correct Mass Duties - Memorize Jobs C and D.

Job /	Job A Job B Job C Job D Job E Job F							
	Before Mass: prepares cruets. During Mass: Takes cruet with water to priest. Takes water to priest to							
				to the priest to use	-	-		
		Mass: removes cruets		•	-			
	Before	Mass: prepare cha	lice, paten. During	Mass: serves as cros	s bearer and leads	the procession in,		
				he parish family in				
	prepar	ing the altar by pla	cing the chalice, pa	aten (with one large	e host) on the altar	Prepares gifts on		
	creden	ce table (remove to	ps from the cruets	orior to consecration). After Mass: Chalie	ce and ciboria.		
	Before	Mass: bowl, towel,	candles. During Ma	ss: Takes cruet with	wine to priest. Tak	es bowl and towel		
	to prie	est to wash hands.	Accepts the tray	from the deacon	after Eucharist's a	are distributed to		
	Extrao	rdinary Eucharistic ı	ministers. <u>After Mas</u>	<u>s: bowl, towel, candl</u>	es.			
	Before	Mass: as directed b	y leader. <u>During M</u>	Iass: Carries candles	in and out of chur	ch. Holds candles		
	during	reading of Gospel.	Follows cross bear	er in leading parish	family to altar wit	h gifts. Carries the		
	incense	thuirble (instead o	f candles) when inco	ense is used during n	nass). <u>After Mass:</u> as	directed.		
	Before	Mass: as directed by	y leader. <u>During M</u>	ass: Rings the bells.	Clears the altar afte	er the consecration		
	of the l	nost. <u>After Mass:</u> as	directed by leader.					
	Before	Mass: sacramenta	ry. <u>During Mass:</u>	Carries the sacram	entary during the	processional and		
	recessional and - if requested by the priest - holds it during the opening and closing prayer, and place							
	it on t	he altar prior to th	e consecration of t	he host and remove	es after the consecr	ration of the host.		
	Receives the gifts from the priest during the offertory and places them on the credence table. <u>After</u>							
	Mass: s	acramentary. Whe	n there is only one s	erver, place the sacr	amentary on stand	prior to Mass.		



13. Fill in the table to indicate how Mass Duties are to be assigned based on the number of servers present — Memorize Jobs C and D.

\$erver #	Job duties based on the number of servers present					
øerver #	1	1 2		4	5	6
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						

14. Mass Coaches

- a. are to assess the performance of each Altar Server team at least once per month,
- b. will introduce themselves to the servers prior to the beginning of Mass,
- c. obtain the Mass Coach assessment book (located in the sacristy),
- d. will complete a form (during Mass) for each person serving,
- e. will provide positive and constructive feedback to each server after Mass,
- f. will return Mass Coach Assessment book to its proper location (in the sacristy).

15. All of the following are true regarding Dress EXCEPT:

- a. altar servers are expected to dress in accordance to their rank,
- b. cassocks should be clean & pressed; servers are responsible for cleaning their own cassocks,
- c. cassock should be at the ankle and should not be shorter than four inches above the ankle,
- d. cassocks should drag on the floor,
- e. all of the above are true.

16. All of the following are true regarding Dress EXCEPT:

- a. servers wear black shoes with black soles, black socks, and black trousers, and a white shirt,
- b. pant legs should not gather at the bottom of the feet and drag the ground,
- c. servers may wear sneakers, sandals, boots, athletic socks, open heel or open toe shoes,
- d. servers should not wear rings, earrings, or bracelets (including the rubber or string type),
- e. if worn, necklaces are to be covered by cassocks and cassocks, watches are fine,
- f. girls with long hair are encouraged to wear their hair pulled back in a bun or pony tail,
- g. servers must wash hands and clean fingernails before mass,
- h. all of the above are true.

17. Which of the following are true reading "Folded Hands".

- a. there is a simple rule you will always follow during the Mass: When your hands aren't in use, they should be folded in prayer except when you are seated,
- b. folded hands should point in any direction with gaps between fingers,
- c. a and b are true,
- d. none of the above are true.



18. Servers are to reverently make the Sign of the Cross...

- a. at the beginning of the Mass (and at the End),
- b. after the Confiteor, when father says, "May almighty God have mercy on us...",
- c. during the Creed, with the words "and the life of the world to come",
- d. during the Sanctus, with the words "Blessed is He who comes".
- e. during the Eucharistic prayer, when father says, "Let us be filled with every grace...blessing",
- f. after receiving Communion,
- g. before the Gospel (forehead, lips, and heart with a Small sign of the Cross),
- h. all of the above are true.

19. All of the following are true regarding Genuflection EXCEPT...

- a. everyone, servers included, should genuflect whenever crossing in front of the tabernacle (except when we're in procession, such as standing in line for Communion, or returning to our seats afterward), or entering a pew,
- b. everyone should genuflect when Jesus is really present Body, Blood, Soul and Divinity in the Eucharist, either on the altar or in the tabernacle,
- c. if there is a Tabernacle with the Blessed Sacrament in the Sanctuary, a genuflection should be made before and after Mass,
- d. the Cross-bearer and Candle-bearers should genuflect when carrying the Cross and candles,
- e. everyone should genuflect before the exposed crucifix on Good Friday,
- f. all of the above are true.

20. To make a proper genuflection:

- a. begin in a standing position, facing the Tabernacle do not genuflect while moving,
- b. with your body erect, your hands and your eyes looking at the Tabernacle—move your *right* leg back about a half-step, bending your *right* knee toward the floor until it is even with the heel of your left foot,
- c. pause briefly, then rise to your original standing position, with your feet together.
- d. only a and c are true,
- e. all of the above are true.

21. When carrying the Cross all of the following are true EXCEPT....

- a. carry the Cross pole at a right angle to the floor, without letting it sway in any direction,
- b. the Cross-bearer leads the procession, unless incense is used, setting the pace for all,
- c. when carrying the ordinary procession Cross, the bottom of the pole should be kept about knee high—with your right hand holding the pole at about throat level, and your left hand placed approximately one foot lower,
- d. the Corpus (figure of Christ) should always be facing outward,
- e. when carrying the Cross, the Cross-bearer should genuflect,
- f. when the Cross is not in use, place it in the holder with the Corpus facing the congregation,
- g. only b, c, d are true.
- h. All of the above are true.

22. When carrying candles

- a. candle-bearers following behind the Cross,
- b. candles should be held at a right angle to the floor,
- c. candles should be kept straight so that melted wax doesn't drip on the floor or carpeting,
- d. the candle bearers do not genuflect when carrying candles,
- e. all of the above are true.



23. Silence

- a. except when making the proper responses, servers should be silent at all times,
- b. servers should not distract the Priest or congregation by whispering to the others,
- c. silence is an essential part of the liturgy,
- d. at the Penitential Rite and after the invitation to pray at the prayers, you should join your thoughts to the Priest's, in silence,
- e. after receiving Communion, you should praise God in your heart and pray in silence,
- f. all of the above are true.

24. Simple Bows

- a. is a slow nod of the head,
- b. is made when the Father, Son, and Holy Spirit are named together, as well as at the name of Jesus, Mary, Pope, or the saint in whose honor the Mass is celebrated,
- c. are made whenever the Server approaches or leaves the Celebrant,
- d. only b and c are correct,
- e. all of the above are correct.

25. All of the following are true regarding Profound Bow; EXCEPT...

- a. is a bow of the body, made from the waist with your hands folded,
- b. are made by bending shoulders and head forward at about a 30° angle in a movement that is both slow and reverent,
- c. are used: Before the Altar if the Blessed Sacrament is not present. At the elevations of the consecration. In the Profession of Faith (Creed) at the words "by the power of the Holy Spirit,"
 - d. are made by bending shoulders and head forward at a 90 degree angle,
 - e. none of the above are true.

26. Striking the Chest

- a. is a gesture is done as a symbol of recognition that we are sinners, and is done during the *Confiteor* (after the words "I have sinned through my own fault),
- b. is never done during Mass,
- c. none of the above,
- d. all of the above.

27. All of the following are true regarding Walking EXCEPT ...

- a. should be graceful and smooth, and in unison,
- b. should be deliberate, but not rushed,
- c. hands should never be folded,
- d. posture should be straight,
- e. a Cross-bearer, or whoever leads the procession, sets the pace for everyone else,
- f. all of the above are true.



28. We kneel at all of the following time; EXCEPT:

- a. any time the Blessed Sacrament is exposed to show adoration and humility,
- b. during the Aspérges (i.e. when the congregation is sprinkled with holy water),
- c. before the Sanctus (Holy, Holy. Holy),
- d. before the Agnus Dei (i.e. the 3rd Lamb of God),
- e. before receiving the Eucharist (optional),
- f. both c and d,
- g. all of the above are true.

29. Which are the following are TRUE.

- a. when you kneel, your body should be upright and your hands hanging down to your sides, below your waist.
- b. always stand up straight with both feet firmly on the floor six to eight inches apart and hand folded in prayer.
- c. it is okay to lean against the furniture or against the walls.
- d. flop down on your chair.
- e. once you are seated, it is okay to slouch with feet crossed, and your hands crossed or behind your head in a relaxed manner.
- f. close your eyes and rest with you are not doing anything.
- g. all of the above are true.

30. The bell; should be rung;

- a. at the first three words of the Sanctus (Holy, Holy, Holy...),
- b. three times, at the elevation of the Consecrated Host,
- c. three times, at the elevation of the Consecrated Wine,
- d. three times, during benediction, as the priest shows the Eucharist in the monstrance,
- e. only b and c are correct,
- f. all of the above are correct.

31. All of the following true regarding the role of the Altar Server before Mass EXCEPT...

- a. servers must arrive 10 minutes early for which they are scheduled or volunteered to serve,
- b. dress in the room adjacent to the women's rest room,
- c. fill the wine cruet (to the handle) with the wine bottle,
- d. fill the other cruet (to the top) with cold fresh water from the sink in the sacristy,
- e. place wine and water cruets on the offertory gift table near the front entrance of the church,
- f. place additional ciborium and hosts that are needed on the Credence Table in the Sanctuary,
- g. only a, d, are incorrect,
- h. only a, d, and e are incorrect.

32. The following regarding the preparation of the Chalice before Mass are true EXCEPT

- a. the second fold of the Purificator should be draped over the Chalice so the cross on the Purificator is in the center of the Chalice and aligned with the cross at the base of the Chalice,
- b. the linen covered plastic Pall should be placed on the chalice over the Purificator,
- c. the Chalice should be covered with any colored Veil,
- d. the Burse containing the Corporal should be placed on the top of the Chalice,
- e. the prepared Chalice, paten (containing one large Host) should be placed on the Credence Table on the offertory table in the back of the church,
- f. the Chalice Veil should be neat and square with the table; the veil should hide the Chalice from the view of the people,
- g. all of the above are true.



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33. Regarding when things should be done before Mass...

- a. the sacramentary should be placed on the stand (in the sanctuary) located by the priests chair,
- b. place a marker in the appropriate spot within the sacramentary for the day's Mass,
- c. the highest level server (who was SCHEDULED to serve) is the group leader and should check to see that all the preparations have been properly carried out by the other servers,
- d. if there were no servers scheduled to serve mass, then the server with the highest level (at 20 minutes prior to mass time) is the group leader,
- e. at 10 minutes prior to Mass time, the lead server should provide the Lector with the names of the servers present,
- f. at five minutes to Mass time, the lead server will assign seating positions for each server,
- g. the lead the group in the *Before Mass* Altar Servers' Prayer,
- h. at three minutes to Mass time move to the front doors to wait for the start of the procession,
- i. c, e, f, and h are incorrect,
- j. all of the above are true.

34. All of the following are after Mass duties are true EXCPET...

- a. the cruets that contain the Blood of Jesus should be removed from credence table, filled up to the handle and placed in the refrigerator located in the sacristy,
- b. the cruets that do not contain the Blood of Jesus should be remove the credence table and placed on the special locked sink in the sacristy for the priest or deacon to purify,
- c. both a and b are incorrect,
- d. neither a nor b is incorrect.

35. All of the following are after Mass duties EXCEPT

- a. the Chalice and Ciboria should be removed from the Credence Table,
- b. any cups used in the distribution of the Precious Blood of Jesus should be removed,
- c. all used Purificators should be placed in the special linen bag reserved for their keeping,
- d. the Chalice Veil, Corporal, and Burse should be returned to drawer,
- e. the Chalice, gold Paten, and Pall should be placed in the cabinet in the sacristy,
- f. any cups used in the distribution of the Precious Blood should be placed on the sink specially reserved for the purification of Holy Objects,
- g. all of the above are true.

36. All of the following are after Mass duties EXCEPT...

- a. the candles should be extinguished by using the proper tool,
- b. the intention book should be returned to the sacristy,
- c. the lectionary should be removed from the Sanctuary and placed in the pulpit,
- d. all notes and papers should be removed from the sanctuary and Pulpit,
- e. surplice and cassock should be neatly placed on hanger and put in closet or taken home,
- f. a and b are incorrect,
- g. all of the above are true.

37. All servers are expected to be able to say the following prayers during Mass.

- a. the Confiteor,
- b. the Gloria,
- c. the Profession of Faith,
- d. the Lord's Prayer,
- e. the Altar Server Prayer (before/after Mass),
- f. all of the above.



38. All Servers are expected to be able to respond to the following during Mass.

- a. the presentation blessed be God forever, and May the Lord accept the sacrifice...,
- b. the prayer over Gifts,
- c. Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord....,
- d. the memorial Acclimation,
- e. the Lamb of God,
- f. the Communion Prayer Lord, I am not worthy that you should enter under my roof...

NOTE: Questions 38 will be answered during the hands on training session which will be held in August or September of each year. Servers should prepare by reviewing the pictures shown on pages 28-31 of the Altar Server Training Manual.

39. Match the correct term from the table below with each liturgical object.

Ciborium	Lavabo Towel	Decanter	Custodia
Cruets	Chalice	Lavabo Bowl	Boat
Thurible	Lunette	Paten	Sacramentary
Monstrance	Purificator	Corporal	Book of Gospels
Incense			

40. Match the term; in the table below with the definition.

Ashes	Baptismal Fonts	Ambry	Chalice Veil	Altar
Altar Cloth	Aisle	Book of Gospels	Cassock	Bells
Chapel	Chalice	Ambo		

A building or part of another building used for divine worship; a portion of a church set aside for the celebration of Mass or for some special devotion.
 The carpeted pathway between the pews, usually referring to the center aisle through which the entrance procession makes its way to the sanctuary.
A long, black, close fitting garment that reaches the heels.
A cloth covering used to used to hide the chalice and paten up to the offertory and after Communion. It is selected by the liturgical color for the service.
The table upon which the Sacrifice of the Mass is offered and celebrated.
The vessel used at Mass to contain the wine, which becomes the Blood of Christ at the consecration.
The book which contains the Gospel readings
The cloth covering an Altar.
Rung during the consecration of the Mass.
The place from which the scriptures are read during the Mass.
A stand with a basin or pool containing water in the area of church where Baptism takes place.
blessed on the previous Sunday of the Passion are placed on the foreheads of the faithful on Ash Wednesday to remind them to do works of penance, especially during the season of Lent, and that they are dust and unto dust will return. Ashes are a sacramental.



41. Match the terms in the table below with the definition.

Confessionals	Elevation	Congregation	Cry Rooms	Creed
Cruet	Consecration of the Mass	Ciborium	Credence Table	Communion Cups
Deacon	Finger Bowl and Towel	Eucharistic Minister	Сир	

Used for the rite before Eucharistic prayer.
The action by which the bread and wine become the Body and Blood of Christ during the Mass.
Someone who has been ordained into the DIACONATE – the minister of the Gospel and the Cup. They can preside at many of our sacraments. The name comes from the Greek work for service.
Goblets used for distribution of Holy Communion.
The raising of the host and chalice after consecration at Mass for adoration by the faithful.
A profession of faith. Examples are the Apostles Creed and the Nicene Creed that's recited at Mass.
The small glass jugs that hold the water (and sometimes wine) used in the Mass.
A person who is specially conferred by the Bishop to assist the priest in giving communion. They also can bring communion to people who are sick at home or in the hospital.
The collective name for the people who form a parish.
All the other vessels that hold the wine/Precious Blood which are not the ornate chalice, usually gold colored.
The room on the side of the vestibule where babies and toddlers are taken when they are being noisy.
The table to the left side of our sanctuary on which is placed the cups, chalice, ciboria, cruets, lavabo bowl and towel, and other objects used during the Mass.
The two rooms on either side of the back of the nave where the Sacrament of Reconciliation is celebrated.
The metal vessel that holds the hosts.

42. Match the terms in the table below with the definition.

Gift Table	Monstrance	Palms	Host, The Sacred	Gifts	
Nave	Mass				
a sacramental that are blessed and distributed on the Sunday of the Passion commemoration of the triumphant entrance of Christ into Jerusalem. Ashes of the b palms are used on Ash Wednesday.					
	The bread under whose appearances Christ is and remains present in a unique manner aft the consecration which takes place during Mass.				
	The central part of the ch	urch occupied by the o	congregation during the	e liturgies.	
	A tall vessel used to expose the Blessed Sacrament. The top is usually circular with simula sun rays coming from the center where the lunette is inserted. It is used for exposition of Blessed Sacrament and at Benediction.				
The bread, wine, water, and the collection, which are gathered at the rear of the church brought forward in the procession of the gifts.				rear of the church and	
	The liturgical celebration of	of the sacrament of th	e Holy Eucharist.		
The table in the back of the center aisle where the bread and wine are placed before M				placed before Mass.	



43. Match the terms in the table below with the definition.

Lavabo	Рух	Surplice	Incense Boat
Sacramentary	Genuflection	Processional Cross	Rosary
	Tabernacle	Sacristy	Paschal Candle

Bending of the knee, a natural sign of adoration or reverence, as when persons genuflect with the right knee in passing before the tabernacle to acknowledge the Eucharistic presence of Christ.
A term used for the Priest's washing of his hands after the offering of the gifts at Mass. The lavabo bowl catches the water and the lavabo towel is used by the Priest to dry his hands.
The original liturgical book that contained the Priest's parts of the Mass and other ceremonies and rites. It was later replaced with the Missal but was restored by the Second Vatican Council reforms.
A small, round, metal container used to carry the Blessed Sacrament to the sick.
A loose, white linen vestment with wide sleeves. The Altar Servers at St. Brigid wear a surplice over a black cassock.
The crucifix atop a tall pole which is carried in front of processions to and from the sanctuary.
A prayer centered on mysteries or events in the lives of Jesus and Mary. It includes meditation on the mysteries and the recitation of a number of decades of Hail Mary's, each beginning with the Lord's Prayer. Introductory prayers may include the Apostles' Creed, an initial Our Father, three Hail Mary's and a Glory be to the Father; each decade is customarily concluded with a Glory be to the Father.
The receptacle in which the Blessed Sacrament is reserved in churches, chapels, and oratories.
A room where vestments, church furnishings and sacred vessels are kept and where the clergy vest for sacred functions. At Saint Brigid's we have three: 1) the Altar sacristy [right side of the sanctuary near the Altar] 2) the main sacristy [where the Servers vest] 3) the chapel sacristy (in the hall on the first floor outside the day chapel.
A large candle, symbolic of the risen Christ, blessed and lighted on the Easter Vigil and placed at the Altar until Pentecost. It is ornamented with five large grains of incense, representing the wounds of Christ, inserted in the form of a cross; the Greek letters Alpha and Omega, symbolizing Christ the beginning and end of all things, at the top and bottom of the shaft of the cross; and the figures of the current year of salvation in
 the quadrants formed by the cross.
An incense boat is a small vessel used to hold incense which is to be placed in the censer. While sometimes round, older ones were often in the shape of a boat.



44. Match the terms in the table below with the definition.

Purificator	Vestments	Priest	Peplum	Presider's Book
Sacristan	Pews	Pope	Sacrarium	Vestibule
Reliquery / Sepulcrum	Sanctuary	Pastor	Stock	Thurible
The Stations of the Cross	Stoup	Thurifer	Paten	Font
The Gospels of Ordinary Time	Lectionary			

A bowl at the entrance of the church used to contain holy water. More commonly called holy water fonts.
A small linen cloth used during Mass to wipe the Chalice.
The bench-like seats in the main body of the Church.
A sink with a drain going directly into the ground usually fitted with a silver cover and lock which is used in the cleansing of the sacred vessels and linens.
The green binder that contains the announcements and notes for the celebrating Priest.
The part of the church immediately surrounding the Altar.
A cloth covering used to hide the chalice and paten up to the offertory and after Communion. It is selected by the liturgical color for the service.
A small saucer shaped plate of precious metal that holds the large host.
The book(s) that contains the scriptural readings for the Mass. Usually used to denote the lay minister who proclaims the scripture readings at Mass.
The special garments worn in the various liturgies.
The back of the Church where the main entrance doors to the Church are located.

45. Fill in the blank for each of the following questions...

a.	When should we arrive when serving?					
	 minutes before our scheduled Mass Time 					
b.	When should the Server (Job A) begin the Procession In?					
	• When the Congregation starts or the Celebrant gives you a					
c.	When do all the Servers sit the first time?					
	 When the priest sits for the time 					
d.	When do the fervers stand before the Gospel/Homily?					
	• When the Choir begins the or the Celebrant (whichever happens first)					
e.	When do all Servers turn to face the Ambo?					
	• When the Deacon or Celebrant begins toward the Ambo.					
f.	When do the Servers sit for the Homily?					
	 When the Deacon/Celebrant finishes saying "The Of The" 					
g,	When do the servers all stand again?					
	 When the Celebrant and announces the "We in God" 					
L	When do the Altar Servers do their first Body Bow?					
По						
2	• When we say the words "By theof theSpirit					
10	When do the servers (Jobs A and B) start the Altar Preparation Trips? • When the Prayer of the is completed. (all other servers remain seated).					
	• When the Urguer of the second secon					



j.	When do two servers (Job A and E) approach the altar the first time?
	• When a server (Job A) takes the Celebrant's and the tray of Chalices to the Altar.
	If there are no chalices, then a server (Job A) takes the ciboria to the altar. When servers
	(Job E) places the and on the altar.
k.	When do two servers (Job C and D) approach the Altar the first time?
	 When the two servers (Job C and D) have containing and
<i>I.</i>	When do three servers (Job A, B) leave to begin the Offertory movements?
	• Right when server (Job E) from his trip to the Altar. (Others remain seated.)
m.	When do the servers (Job \overline{A} , B) start the offertory procession back down to the
	front?
	\circ When everyone is or when the ushers give you the signal. Do not wait for the
	priest to tell you to move.
n.	All Servers stand next when?
	 The Celebrant the prayer "Pray"
0.	When do all Servers kneel for the first time?
	 After the,,, (Sanctus) Song (all at the same time)
p.	When does the server (Job F) ring the Predella Bells for the first time?
	 When the Celebrant says the prayer.
	When do all fervers do the next Head Bow?
	 When the Celebrant after raising the When does the server (Job F) ring the Predella Bells the 2nd time?
r.	 When the Celebrant elevates the
t.	When do all fervers do the next Head Bow?
**	 When the Celebrant genuflects raising the Host.
t.	When does the server (Job F) ring the Predella Bells the 3rd time?
	• When the Celebrant elevates the
4.	When do all Servers do the next Head Bow?
	 When the celebrant genuflects raising the Chalice.
v.	When do all servers stand next?
	 After the Great Amen as the Celebrant introduces the Our
w.	When does the server (Job A) deliver the Ciboria to the Altar?
	 After theof
	When do all fervers kneel again?
	 Immediately after the Lamb of God
-	When do the Servers stand again?
	 After the Deacon the Chalice When do the Servers then sit?
z,	
	 As soon as the Ex. Eucharistic Minister returns to their pew.
aa	When do the Altar Servers stand next?
LL	 When the priest to the altar after communion. When do the servers turn to face the Altar of the Tabernacle?
DD	
	 When the Deacon or Celebrant begins walking to the with the Blessed Sacrament
6 6.	When do the Servers genuflect facing the Tabernacle and make the SOTC?
	 When the Deacon/Celebrant puts the Blessed Sacrament the Tabernacle



 When the Deacon/Celebrant 	his ge	nuflecti	ion and ri	ses.		
ee. When do the Servers turn back to fac	e the Alt	ar Of ,	Sacrifice	and SIT?		
 When the Deacon/Celebrant steps 	back to h	is				
f. When do the remaining servers stand	! ?					
\circ When the priest says " us	"					
g. When does the server (Job A) go get	the Proce	essiona	I Cross?			
 Right after the server deacon says " 	us	in	to	and	the	,
h. When does the server (Job A) lead th						
 As the Deacon and Celebrant 	the Alt	ar of So	acrifice			
. When do servers (Job B) move?						
 server (Job A) Passes, 						
j. When does servers (Job C, D, E, and I	F) move?	,				
 In order, server (Job A) passes 						
k.When does server (Job A) turn and le	ad the p	rocessi	ion up tl	he Aisle?		
Right the Celebrant leads the final	-		•••• • •••			

Congratulations!!!

Please bring this completed module with you to the hands on training session to be held in August of this year.

